

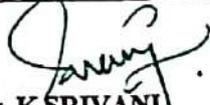
DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS
M.A ECONOMICS SYLLABUS
 (Choice Based Credit System)
W.E.F 2023-24 ACADEMIC YEAR

M.A. PREVIOUS SEMESTER-I

S.NO	SEMESTER	CORE /NON-CORE	TITLE OF THE PAPER	CRED ITS	HOURS PW
1.	I	CORE	101-MICRO ECONOMICS-I	5	5
2	I	CORE	102-MACRO ECONOMICS-I	5	5
3	I	CORE	103-QUANTATIVE METHODS-I	5	5
4.	I	CORE	104-AGRICULTURE ECONOMICS	5	5
5	I	CORE	105-ECONOMICS OF SOCIAL SECTOR	5	5
Total				25	25

M.A. PREVIOUS SEMESTER-II

S.NO	SEMESTER	CORE/NON-CORE	TITLE OF THE PAPER	CRED ITS	HOURS PW
1.	II	CORE	201-MICRO ECONOMICS-II	5	5
2	II	CORE	202-MACRO ECONOMICS-II	5	5
3	II	CORE	203-QUANTATIVE METHODS-II	5	5
4	II	CORE	204- COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN ECONOMICS (CAE LAB)	5	5
5	II	CORE	205-FINANCIAL ECONOMICS	5	5
Total				25	25

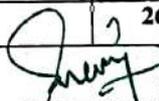

Dr. K.SRIVANI
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Chairman
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 Department of Economics
 Satavahana University
 Karmnagar-505 001

M.A. Economics Syllabus
Choice Based Credit System- w.e.f.2023-24
Satavahana University, Karimnagar, TS
M.A. FINAL SEMESTER-III

S.NO	SEMESTER	CORE/NON-CORE	TITLE OF THE PAPER	CREDI TS	HOURS PW
1.	III	CORE	301- DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS	5	5
2	III	CORE	302- INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS	5	5
3	III	CORE	303-PUBLIC ECONOMICS	5	5
ELECTIVES ELECTIVE PAPERS					
4.	III	NON-CORE	304-(A) ECONOMETRICS	4	4
5	III	NON-CORE	304- (B) INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS	4	4
6	III	NON-CORE	305- (A) RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	4	4
	III	NON-CORE	305-(B) RURAL DEVELOPMENT-I	4	4
8	III	SEMINAR	SEMINAR-I	2	2
Total				25	25

M.A FINAL SEMESTER-IV

S.NO	SEMESTER	CORE/ NON-CORE	TITLE OF THE PAPER	CREDI TS	HOURS PW
1.	IV	CORE	401-INDIAN ECONOMY	5	5
2	IV	CORE	402-ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS	5	5
ELECTIVES ELECTIVE PAPER					
5	IV	NON-CORE	403- (A) ECONOMETRICS-II	4	4
6	IV	NON-CORE	403-(B) TELANGANA ECONOMY	4	4
7	IV	NON-CORE	404- (A) LABOUR ECONOMICS 404-(B) ECONOMICS OF INSURANCE	4 4	4 4
			405- PROJECT WORK	6	6
8	IV	SEMINAR	SEMINAR-II	2	2
Total				26	26


Dr. K.SRIVANI
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**DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS
PROPOSED ECONOMICS SYLLABUS FOR M.A.
W.E.F 2023-2024 ACADEMIC YEAR**

M.A. PREVIOUS

SEMESTER-I

ECO - 101

ECO - 102

ECO - 103

ECO - 104

ECO - 105

SEMESTER-II

ECO - 201

ECO - 202

ECO - 203

ECO - 204

ECO - 205

CORE PAPERS

Micro Economics - I

Macro Economic Analysis - I

Quantitative Methods - I

Agricultural Economics

Social Sector

CORE PAPERS

Micro Economics - II

Macro Economics Analysis - II

Quantitative Methods - II

Computer Applications-(CAELAB)

Financial Economics

M.A. FINAL

SEMESTER-III

ECO - 301

ECO - 302

ECO - 303

CORE PAPERS

Development Economics-I

International Economics

Public Economics

ELECTIVE PAPERS

Econometrics - I

OR

Industrial Economics

Research Methodology

(OR)

Rural Development

Seminars

ECO - 304(a)

ECO - 304(b)

ECO - 305(a)

Eco - 305 (b)

ECO - 306

SEMESTER-IV

ECO - 401

ECO - 402

CORE PAPERS

Indian Economy

Environmental Economics

ELECTIVE PAPERS

Econometrics-II

OR

Telangana Economy

Labour Economics

OR

Economics of Insurance

Project work

ECO - 403(a)

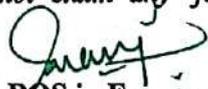
ECO-403(b)

ECO - 404(a)

ECO - 404(b)

ECO - 405

Note: A Centre has to choose either option Telangana or Project mentioned under Paper Eco-405 in the IV Semester. If some students are willing to take up project work, they can be allowed by giving undertaking to University that they will not claim any financial assistance for carrying out project work.


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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER - I
(CORE PAPER)
ECO - 101, MICRO ECONOMICS - I

Module 1: Advanced Consumer Theory: Income and Substitution Effects (Slutsky and Hicks), Consumer surplus – implications. Compensated Demand Curve, Revealed Preference Analysis, Hicks' Revision of Demand Theory.

Module 2: Production Theory: Isoquant Production Function; Returns to Scale; Linear Homogeneous Production function – Cobb Douglas production function, Hicks and Harrod Technical Progress. Cost Functions – short run and long run costs, Modern theory of Costs.

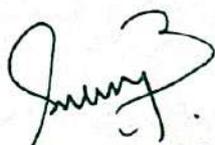
Module 3: Perfect Competition: Features of perfect competition. Determination of Market price and quantity, Short Run and Long run equilibrium of the firm and industry, Derivation of Supply curve.

Module 4: Imperfect Competition I: Monopoly: Short and long run equilibrium, Price discrimination, Monopoly power, Control and regulation of monopoly. Monopsony, Bilateral Monopoly; Chamberlain's Monopolistic Competition – Short and Long run equilibrium.

Module 5: Imperfect Competition II: Duopoly Models: Cournot, Bertrand, Edge worth and Stackelberg Models. Oligopoly: Characteristics, Sweezy's kinked Demand model, Models of cartels and price leadership.

BASIC READING LIST:

1. Koutsoyiannis, A: *Modern Microeconomics*, Macmillan
2. Ahuja: *Advanced Economic Theory*,
3. Pindyck, R.S. and D.L.Rubinfeld: *Microeconomics*, Pearson Educational
4. Crystal, R. and A. Lipsey: *Microeconomics*, Oxford University Press.
5. Varian, H.R.: *Intermediate Microeconomics*, W.W. Norton & Co
6. Krugman, Paul Wells, Robin *Microeconomics*, Worth Publishers W H FREEMAN & CO


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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – I
(CORE PAPER)
ECO – 102, MACRO ECONOMIC ANALYSIS – I

Module 1: National Income Accounting: Approaches of Macro Economics and Variables – Circular Flow of Income in two, three and four-sector economy; different forms of national income accounting – social accounting input-output accounting flow of funds accounting and balance of payments accounting.

Module 2: Consumption Function: Consumption function – Keynes psychological law of consumption – implication of the law; short-run and long-run consumption function; Empirical evidence on consumption function; income – consumption relationship – absolute income, relative income, permanent and life cycle income hypotheses and their reconciliation.

Module 3: Investment Function: Marginal efficiency of capital and investment – long run and short run MEI and level of investment. The profits and accelerator theories and investment behavior – Influence of policy measures on investment – Financial theory of investment Institutions and capital market in India. Growth and Development of Capital Market – Primary and secondary markets, regulation of capital market and functioning.

Module 4: Supply of Money: Measures of Money Supply, theories of money supply, monetary transmission mechanism and monetary transmission mechanism in India RBI approach to money supply; High powered money and money multiplier; budget deficits and money supply and control of money supply. Analysis and variations in money supply in India.

Module 5: Demand for Money: Theories of demand for money – Classical approach to demand for money – Quantity theory approach, Fisher's equation, Cambridge quantity theory, Keynes liquidity preference approach, transaction. Precautionary and speculative demand for money – aggregate demand for money; Derivation of LM curve. Demand for money India.

BASIC READING LIST:

1. Renerm D.L. (1996) Advanced Macro Economics, McGraw Hill Company Limited, New York.
2. Scarfe, B.L. (1977), Cycles Growth and Inflation, McGraw Hill, New York.
3. Shapiro, E. (1996), Macroeconomic Analysis, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi.
4. Edey, M and A.T.Peacock (1967), National Income and Social Accounts, Hutchinson University Library, London.
5. Powelson, J.P. (1960), National Income and Flow of Funds Analysis, McGraw Hill, NewYork.
6. Rao, V.K.R.V. (1983), India's National Income: 1950 to 1980, sage Publications, New Delhi.
7. Ruggles, R.and N.Ruggles (1956), National Income Accounts and Income Analysis, McGraw Hill, New York
8. Duesenberry, J.S (1949), Income, Saving and the Theory of Consumer Behaviour. Harvard University Press, Harvard.



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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER - I
(CORE PAPER)
ECO - 103, QUANTITATIVE METHODS - I

Module 1: Mathematics – I: Uses and limitations of Mathematics in Economics, Concept of function and type of functions, Concepts of derivative, Rules of differentiation. Interpretation of revenue, Cost demand, supply functions, Elasticities and their types.

Module 2: Mathematics – II: Multivariable functions, Concept and types of production functions, rules of partial differentiation and interpretation of partial derivatives, Problems of maxima and minima in single and multivariable functions.

Module 3 : Statistics – I: Definition of Statistics, Uses and limitation of Statistics in Economics, Methods of collecting data – census and sampling – their advantages and disadvantages, Measures of Central tendency – mean, median and mode, Measures of Dispersion – range, quartile deviation, mean deviation, standard deviation, variance, coefficient of variation, Gini coefficient.

Module 4: Statistics – II: Concept of correlation, Karl Pearson's Coefficient of correlation, Spearman's rank coefficient of correlation, Simple regression, Estimation of regression coefficients by ordinary least square methods, standard error or regression line.

Module 5: Statistics – III: Methods of constructing Index numbers and their uses, weighted and unweighed indices, Laspeyer's, Pasche's and Fisher's indices, Cost of living index numbers.

BASIC READING LIST:

1. Monga, G.S. (1972), Mathematics and Statistics for Economists, Vikas publishing house, New Delhi.
2. Chiang, A.C. (1988), Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, Mac Graw Hill, New York.
3. Allen, R.G.D. (1974), Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Mac Millian Press and ELBS, London.
4. Dowling, E.T. (1992), Mathematical Economics 2nd Edition, Mac Graw Hill, New York.
5. Gupta, S.P. (2007), Statistical methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
6. Nagar, A.L. and Das, R.K. (1983): Basic Statistics 2nd Edition, OUP, Delhi.
7. Speigal, M.R. (1992), Theory and Problems of Statistics, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., London.
8. Yamune, Taro (1975) Mathematics for Economists, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.



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M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – I
(CORE PAPER)
ECO-104 AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Module 1 Agriculture and Economic Development: Nature and scope of agricultural and rural economics; Traditional agriculture and its modernization; Role of agriculture in economic development; Interdependence between agriculture and industry. Agricultural development, sources of rural credit in India Agricultural production – Resource use and efficiency; Production function analyses in agriculture; Factor combination and resource substitution,

Module 2 Agricultural Farm size and productivity: relationship laws of returns – Supply response of individual crops, Technical change, and labour absorption in Agriculture Marketing and state policy; Agricultural markets; Regulated markets; Marketed and marketable surplus; Marketing channels, Price spread, Behavior of agricultural prices

Module 3 Internal Terms of Trade: Terms of trade between agricultural and non-agricultural prices; Need for state intervention; Objectives of agricultural price policy Recent trends in agricultural growth in India; Inter-regional variations in growth of output and productivity; Cropping pattern shifts; Supply of inputs - Pricing of inputs and role of subsidies:

Module 4 NAS-Its Impact: Distribution of gains from technological change; Role of Public investment and capital formation in Indian agriculture; Strategy of agricultural development;

Module 5:Sustaniable Agriculture:

Sustainable agriculture and Food Security International trade in agricultural commodities: Commodity agreements; Globalization of Indian economy and problems and prospects of Indian agriculture; Impact of World Trade Organization on Indian agriculture.

Basic Reading List:

- Bhaduri, A. (1984) The Economic Structure of Backward Agriculture, Macmillan, Delhi.
- Bilgrami, S.A.R. (1996), Agricultural Economics, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi.
- Dantwala M.L. Et al, (1991) Indian Agricultural Development since Independence, Oxford & IBH New Delhi.
- Gulati, A. and t. Kelly (1999), Trade Liberalisation and Indian Agriculture, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Joshi. P.C. (1975), Land Reforms in India: Trends and Prospects, Allied Publishers, Bombay.
- Kahlon, A.S. and Tyagi D S (1983), Agriculture Price Policy in India, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- Rao. C.H. Hanmantha (1975), Agricultural Growth, Rural Poverty and Environmental Degradation in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Rudra, A (1982), Indian Agricultural Economics, Myths and Reality, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- Saini, G.R. (1979), Farm Size, Resource Use Efficiency and Income Distribution, Allied Publishers New Delhi.
- Upender, M. (1990), Marketable and Marketed Surplus in Agriculture, Mittal Publications, New Delhi.

M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – I
(CORE PAPER)
ECO - 105 ECONOMICS OF SOCIAL SECTOR

Module 1 Introduction to Economics of Education: Definition and scope of Economics of Education. Education as Consumption and Investment goods; Human capital: the concept; Components of Human capital. Historical developments in the human capital theory; Human Capital vs. Physical Capital, Human capital and human development.

Module 2 :Cost of Education:

Cost of Education – Expenditure on Education, Private Costs and Social Costs; Direct and Indirect / opportunity costs; Benefits of Education – Direct and Indirect Benefits; Private and Social Benefits; Problems in the Measurement of Costs and Benefits. Cost-Benefit Analysis in Education

Module 3: Educational Planning: Education, Employment and Income; Contribution of Education to economic growth; Education, Poverty and Income Distribution; Approaches to educational planning. Economics of Educational Planning in Developing Countries with special reference to India. Educational Planning and the problem of educated unemployment and brain drain. Role of financing in the development of education. Financing of education in India. Equity and Efficiency Effects of financing education in India. Implications of GATS on Indian Education and financing.

Module 4. Introduction to Economics of Health: Definition and scope of Economics of Health; the concept of health and health care; Health as Consumption and Investment goods. Health as human capital; Determinants of Health- Poverty, Malnutrition; Economic Dimensions of Health Care – Demand and Supply of Health Care.

Module 5 Financing and Institutional Issues in Health Care: Resource Mobilization and Utilization of health care in India; Pricing and subsidies to Health sector; Equity and Efficiency Effects of health care financing. Inequalities in Health and health care in India; Institutional Issues in Health Care Delivery. Implications of GATS for Health Sector and financing.

Basic Reading List:

1. Blaug, Mark (1972) Introduction to Economics of Education. Penguin, London.
2. Becker, G.S. (1974) Human Capital. 2nd Edn., NBER, New York
3. Berman, P and M.E.Khan (1989) Paying for India's Health Care. Sage Publications. New Delhi.
4. Cohn, E and T.Gaske (1989) Economics of Education, Pergamon Press, London.
5. Klarman, H.E. (1965) Economics of Health, Columbia University Press, New York.
6. Panchamukhi, P.R. (1980) Economics of Health: A Trend Report, ICSSR Survey, Allied, New Delhi.
7. Tilak, J.E.G. (1989) Economics of Inequality in Education, Sage, New Delhi.
8. World Bank (1983) The World Development Report: Investing in Health. Oxford University Press, New York.
9. Education for Development



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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER - II
(CORE PAPER)
ECO - 201, MICRO ECONOMICS - II

Module 1: Alternative Theories of the Firm: Baumol's Model, Williamson, and Marries models, Full Cost pricing models, Bain's Limit pricing, Sylos-Labini and Modigliani's models.

Module 2: Distribution: Ricardian and Modern Theories of Rent, Marginal Productivity theory of wages, neo-classical theory of interest, and theories of profit. Product Exhaustion theorem. Technical progress and factor shares.

Module 3: Equilibrium Analysis: General Equilibrium: Walrasian model, Features of Market Equilibrium: Existence, Stability (Marshall and Walrasian conditions), Uniqueness. Cob-web models.

Module 4: Welfare Economics: Pigovian welfare economics, Pareto optimum conditions. Social welfare functions, Compensation principles, Arrow's impossibility theorem.

Module 5: Economics of Risk and Uncertainty: Role of expectations, Consumer's choice involving risk (risk takers, risk averse and risk neutral), Neumann - Morgenstern Index, Savage Hypothesis, Gambling and Insurance.

BASIC READING LIST:

1. Koutsoyiannis, A: Modern Microeconomics, Macmillan
2. Ahuja: Advanced Economic Theory,
3. Pindyck, R.S. and D.L.Rubinfeld: Microeconomics, Pearson Educational
4. Crystal, R. and A. Lipsey: Microeconomics, Oxford University Press.
5. Varian, H.R.: Intermediate Microeconomics, W.W. Norton & Co
6. Krugman, Paul Wells, Robin Microeconomics, Worth Publishers W H FREEMAN & CO



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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – II
(CORE PAPER)
ECO – 202, MACRO ECONOMIC ANALYSIS – II

Module 1: Post-Keynesian Theories of Demand for Money: Post-Keynesian approaches to demand for money – Patinkin and the Real Balance Effect, Approaches of Baumol and Tobin; Friedman and the modern quantity theory; Crisis in Keynesian economics and the revival of monetarism – Friedman Restatement of quality of money and its critical appraisal.

Module 2: Neo-classical and Keynesian Synthesis: Neo-classical and Keynesian views on interest; The IS-LM model; Extension of IS-LM model with government sector; Relative effectiveness of monetary and fiscal policies; IS-LM model in open economy, Monetary approach to balance of payments. Capital flows with fixed exchange rate, trade and capital flows with flexible exchange rate and critical look at IS-LM model.

Module 3: Theory of Inflation: Classical, Keynesian and Monetarist approaches to inflation; Structuralist theory of inflation; Philips curve analysis – Short run and long run Philips curve; the nature rate of unemployment hypothesis; Tobin's modified Philips curve and policies to control inflation.

Module 4: Business Cycles: Business Cycles – Theories of Schumpeter, Samuelson and Hicks – Interaction of multiplier and acceleration model, control of business cycles – relative efficacy of monetary and fiscal policies – Monetary policy and its objectives with special reference to Indian Economy.

Module 5: New Classical Macroeconomics: The new classical macroeconomic approach; Policy implications of new classical approach – Rational expectations theory, Role of expectations in macroeconomic analysis – Additive expectations. Supply side economics assumptions and evaluation. Macro stabilization policies and Financial sector Reforms in India.

References

1. Gordon, R. and S.G.Harris (1998), Macroeconomics, Addison Wesley.
2. Culbertson, J.M. (1968), Macroeconomic Theory and Stabilization Policy, McGraw Hill, Kogenkosh, Tokyo.
3. Chakravarty, S.C. (1985), Report of the Committee to Review the Working of the Monetary System, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay.
4. Gupta, S.B. (1995), Monetary Planning India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
5. Gurley, J. and E.S. Shaw (1960), Money in a Theory of finance Brookings Institution, Washington.
6. Mckinen, G.E. (1978), Money, the Price Level and Interest Rates, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
7. Reddy, Y.V.(2000), A. Review of monetary and Financial Sector Reforms in India-A Central Banker's Perspective, UBSPD, New Delhi.
8. Fredrman, M. (1956), Studies in the Quantity Theory of Money, the University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
9. Keynes, J.M. (1936), The General Theory of Employment, Interest and Money, Macmillan, London.

M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER - II
(CORE PAPER)
ECO - 203 QUANTITATIVE METHODS - II

Module 1: Mathematics - I: Determinants and their Basic Properties, Solution of Simultaneous equations through Cramer's rule Matrices - Concept and types, Simple operation on matrices, matrix inversion, rank of matrix, concept of vector and its properties, Introduction to input-output analysis.

Module 2 : Mathematics - II: Constrained optimization, Lagrangian function, simple economic applications, maximization of utility and maximization of profits, Introduction to linear programming, formulation of linear programming problem - its structure and variables, Nature of feasible, basic, optimal solution, Solution of linear programming through graphic method, Concept of duality.

Module 3: Statistics - I: Basic concept of sampling - random and non-random sampling, simple random, stratified random and P.P.S sampling, Concept of an estimator and its sampling distribution, Desirable properties of a good estimator, formulation of statistical hypotheses - null and alternative, Testing for mean of a population from large sample and Testing for difference between means of two population from large sample.

Module 4: Statistics - II: Concept of probability, Classical and empirical definitions of probability, laws of addition and multiplication, discrete random variable - its concept, mean and variance, Normal distribution
- its concept and properties.

Module 5: Statistics - III: Time series and analysis, components of time-series data, determination of secular trend by moving average and ordinary least square methods, Uses of seasonal indices, Estimation of linear and compound growth rate using OLS method.

References

1. Monga, G.S. (1972), Mathematics and Statistics for Economists, Vikas publishing house, New Delhi.
2. Chiang, A.C. (1988), Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, Mac Graw Hill, New York.
3. Allen, R.G.D. (1974), Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Mac Millian Press and ELBS, London.
4. Dowling, E.T. (1992), Mathematical Economics 2nd Edition, Mac Graw Hill, New York.
5. Gupta, S.P. (2007), Statistical methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
6. Nagar, A.L. and Das, R.K. (1983): Basic Statistics 2nd Edition, OUP, Delhi.
7. Speigal, M.R. (1992), Theory and Problems of Statistics, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., London.
8. Yamune, Taro (1975) Mathematics for Economists, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.



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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – II
(CORE PAPER)
ECO-204 COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Module – 1 Introduction of Computers: History of Computer – Definition – Evolution of Computer – Computer Generations – Micro Computers – Structure of Computer – Uses of Computer – Computer Applications in different fields like Banks, Post-Office, Railways, Income tax. Central processing Unit (CPU) – Input Output Devices – Scanner – Printer – Video display – Storage medias – Floppy Disk Drive – Hard Disk Drive – Compact Disk (CD) – Digital Video Disk(DVD)

Module – 2 Microsoft Operating Systems: Operating System – **Microsoft Disk Operating System(MS DOS)** – Internal and External Commands – **Windows, Operating System** – Salient Features – Merits of Windows Operating System – Accessories – System tools – Scan Disk – Word Pad – Note Pad – Paint – Imagination. My Computer – Internal Explorer – Network Neighborhood. Ms-Word: Creating, Opening and saving files – editing and formatting text – spell and grammar check – auto correct – creation of tables and volumes. MS- Excel: Work sheet – entering data and creating work sheets and work book opening and formatting.

Module – 3 Data Processing Techniques using MS Excel: Concept of Data – Record and File – Types of Data – Data Entry – File handling and Operations like opening, appending and cascading – closing and attribute controls – Data Storage and Retrieval. Preparation and Formatting of Text, Tables and Graphs – Estimation of Descriptive Statistics, Index Numbers and Growth Rates, Demand function, Supply function, Production function, Consumption function, Employment Function, Demand for Money function, Supply of Money function, Leontiff Input-Output Model.

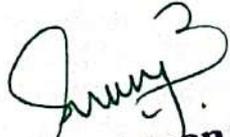
Module 4 : Ms access and Power Pooint:

Creating, opening and working with data in MS-Access – tables – forms – query – report. MS-Power Point: Concept of presentation – creating, opening and saving the slide shows – animation – viewer's presentation.

Module –5: Data Analysis using SPSS: Basics of Data Analysis – Data Entry in SPSS – Computing with SPSS – Preparation of Graphs with SPSS – Distribution Functions and Density Functions – Statistical Package handling and command description for SPSS – Reports, Descriptive – Statistics, Compare Means, Time Series Analysis, Correlation and Regression Models.

References

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|---------------------------------|--|
| 1. Sinha, P.K. | : Computer Fundamentals, BPB Publications, New Delhi. |
| 2. Raja Raman.V. | : Fundamentals of Computers, PHI, New Delhi. |
| 3. Kerns | : Essentials of Microsoft Windows, Word and Excel, PHI. |
| 4. Alexis Leon and Mathews Leon | : Introduction to Computers with Ms-Office, TMH. |
| 5. Asthana and Braj Bhushan | : Statistics for Social Sciences (with SPSS applications), PHI |


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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER –II
(CORE PAPER)
ECO-205 FINANCIAL ECONOMICS

Module -1: The Financial System and its significance for Economic Development – The Structure and functions of the Financial System in India- All India development financial institutions, Investment Institutions, Specialized financial institutions and State level financial institutions. Banking structure in India-Context, Need and Objectives – financial sector reforms -Narasimham Committee Report – Financial Sector Reforms with reference to Stock Markets.

Module – 2: Money Market: Organized sector of the Money Market and their sub-markets- Call money market, Treasury bill market, The Repo Market, Commercial Paper market and Money market mutual funds and their instruments. - Money market reforms in India.

Module – 3: Capital Market

Structure of Capital market- Primary and Secondary markets- New issues and Secondary Issues Markets, Securities-Private and Guilt Edged Securities- Pre and Post Reform Capital Market in India.

Module -4: Securities Exchange Board of India: National Stock Exchange of India: SEBI and Capital market development. Changing rules of SEBI related to primary market, Mutual funds and for promoters. Types of Insurance – The Growth and Structure LIC and GIC of India – The Role of Private Insurance in India.

Module-5: Mutual Funds – Organization, Types of Schemes, Growth, Structure and size of Mutual Funds in India. Comparative performance of money market and capital markets in India. Concerns and Challenges for future of Financial structure development in India.

References:

- 1) Bhole, L.M. (1999), Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw Hill Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2) Bhole, L.M. (2000), Indian Financial System, Chugh Publications, Allahabad.
- 3) Edminster, R.O. (1986), Financial Institutions, Markets and Management, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 4) Goldsmith, R.W. (1969), Financial Structure and Development, Yale, London.
- 5) Hanson, J.A. and S.Kathuria (Eds.) (1999), India: A Financial Sector for the Twenty-first Century, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 6) Harker, P.T. and S.A.Zenios (2000) (Ed.), Performance of Financial Institutions, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 7) Johnson, H.J. (1996) Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 8) Khan, M.Y. (1996) Indian Financial System, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.
- 9) Machiraju, M.R. (1999) Indian Financial Systems, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 10) Ohlson, J.A. (1987), The Theory of Financial Markets and Institutions, North Holland, Amsterdam.
- 11) Prasad, K.N. (2001) Development of India's Financial System, Sarup & Sons, New Delhi.
- 12) Robinson, R.I. and D.Wightman (1981), Financial Markets, McGraw Hill, London.
- 13) Smith, P.F. (1978), Money and Financial Intermediation: The Theory and Structure of Financial System, Prentice Hall, and Englewood-Cliff, New Jersey.
- 14) Chandra, P. (1997), Financial Markets, (4th Edition), Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 16) Machiraju, H.R. (1997), International Financial Markets in India, Wheeler Publishing, Allahabad.
- 17) Rangarajan, C. (1999), Indian Economics: Essays on Money and Finance, UBS Publication, New Delhi.
- 18) Fisher, G.E. and R.J. Jordan (1992), Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, Eastern Economy Edition, New Delhi.
- 19) Apte; International Financial Management Tata, Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company, LTD., New Delhi.

M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – III
(CORE PAPER)
ECO – 301, DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS

Module-I: Growth and Development -Measuring of growth and development- factors affecting economic growth -Traditional approach- Welfare oriented approach - Human Development approach - Essential components of Human Development- Human Development Index.

Module-II Theories of Development Growth Models - Classical and Neo-Classical theories of development - Schumpeter and Capitalist Development-Rostow's stages of Economic growth -Marxian Model of Development - Harrod Domar growth model- R.M. Solow's Model,

Module-III Approaches to Development - Partial Theories of growth and development - The theory of the Big Push- Critical Minimum Effort and low level Equilibrium 'Trap - The Theory of Balanced and Unbalanced Growth- Lewis Model of unlimited supply of labour -Simon Kuznets Economic Structure and Change.

Module-IV Allocation of Resources- Investment criteria - Choice of Techniques - Capital, labour and appropriate technology- Role of Technology in Economic Development- Role of capital formation in developing countries- Spread effects and backwash effects- Domar's endogenous growth model.

Module-V Pattern of development in developed and developing Economies - Basic features of the process of development in UK, USA, Japan and China- Pattern of Development in Market economy -Model of south Korea -Populist model of Tanzania and Planned economy model of Cuba. Growth models of Indian economic thinkers ; Contribution of Lipton, Gandhi, VKRV Rao, Lalith Sen and Gadgil

References:

1. Benjamin Higgins : Leading Issues in Economic Development, Oxford University Press, New York.
2. Adleman, I : Theories of Economic Growth and Development, Stanford University Press, Stanford.
3. Chakravarthi,S : Development Planning, The Indian Experience, Clarendon Press, Oxford.
4. Brahmananda, P.R & Vakil, C.V. : Planning for an Expanding Economy, Vora & Co, Bombay.
5. A.K.Sen : Choice of Techniques, Basil Blackwell, London.
6. Ghosh & Ghosh : Planning Models & Techniques & Indian Planning.
7. -- : Human Development Report.
- 8 Gerald Meir : Leading Issues in Economic Development.
10. M.P. Todaro : Economic Development in the third world.
11. Misra & Puri : Economic Development, Himalaya Publishing, House.


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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – III
(CORE PAPER)
ECO – 302 INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

Module 1: Theory of International Trade: Theories of absolute advantage, comparative advantage and opportunity costs; - Heckscher – Ohlin theory of trade, Theorem of factor price equalization. The Rybczynski theorem – concept and policy implications of immiserizing growth.

Module 2: Measurement of Gains: Measurement of gains from trade and their distribution; Concepts of terms of trade. Hypothesis of secular deterioration of terms of trade. Trade as an engine of economic growth. The Theory of Interventions; Economic effects of tariffs and quotas. Nominal, effective and optimum rates of tariffs – their measurement, impact and welfare implications,

Module 3: Balance of Payments: Equilibrium and disequilibrium in the balance of payments; The process of adjustment under different systems. Expenditure – reducing and expenditure-switching policies and direct controls for adjustment; Policies for achieving internal and external equilibrium simultaneously under alternative exchange rate regimes. A critical review of the monetary approach to the theory of balance of payments adjustment; foreign trade multiplier.

Module 4: The Theory of Regional Blocs: Forms of economic cooperation: Static and Dynamic effects of customs union and free trade areas; Rationale and economic progress of SAARC/SAFTA and ASEAN EU regions. Problems and prospects of forming a customs union in the Asian region, Regionalism, Multilateralism and WTO.

Module 5: International Institutions: Functions of WTO (TRIPS, TRIMS), UNCTAD, IMF, World Bank and Asian Development Bank. Trade Reforms in India: Recent changes in the direction and composition of trade and their implications; Impact of trade reforms since 1991 on balance of payments and growth. Trade Policies:

References:

1. Bhagwati, J. (Ed.) (1981), International Trade, Selected Readings, Cambridge, University Press, Massachusetts.
2. Carboigh, R.J. (1999), International Economics, International Thompson Publishing New York.
3. Chacholiades, M. (1990), International Trade: Theory and Policy, McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Japan.
4. Dana, M.S. (2000), International Economics: Study, Guide and Work Book, (5th Edition). Routledge Publishers, London.
5. Dunn, R.M. and J.H. Mutti (2000), International Economics, Routledge, London.
6. Kindle Berger, C.P. (1973), International Economics, R.D. Irwin, Homewood.
7. King, P.G. (1995), International Economics and International Economic Policy: A Reader, McGraw Hill International, and Singapore.
8. Krugman, P.R. and M. Obstfeld (1994), International Economics: Theory and Policy, Glenview, Foresman.
9. Sodersten, Bo International Economics.

M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER - III
(CORE PAPER)
ECO - 303 PUBLIC ECONOMICS

Module 1: Introduction: Role of state in economic activities – Changing role of state in a mixed economy. Public and Private sector – Evolution of public finance. Multiple theories of public household – Public and Private Goods – Markets mechanism in public and private goods. State as an agent of planning and development.

Module 2: Public Choice: Public choice – Private and public mechanism of allocating resources – Preference revelation and aggregation of preferences; voting systems. An economic theory of Democracy – Politico-eco-bureaucracy, Rent seeking and Direct unproductive profit seeking activities.

Module 3: Public Policy: Rationale for public policy: Allocation of resources for public goods – Voluntary exchange models. Impossibility of decentralized provision of public goods. Demand revealing schemes for public goods – Stabilisation policy – Keynesian Case for Stabilisation policy. Provision of infrastructural facilities; Removing distributional inequalities and regional imbalances.

Module 4: Public Expenditure: Theories of public expenditure, Wagner's law of increasing state activities – Peacock Wisemans hypothesis – Principle of Maximum Social advantage – Growth and pattern of public expenditure, Effects of public expenditure – Cost benefit analysis – Project evaluation and role of CBA.

Module 5: Taxation: Approaches to taxation – Benefit approach, Ability to pay approach and Neutrality approach – Elasticity and buoyancy of taxation – Incidence and shifting of taxation – Types and classification of taxes and VAT. Public finance in India; Expenditure-taxation and budget. .

References:

1. Atkinson, A B and J.E Sigitz (1980), Lecturers on Public Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, New York.
2. Auerbach, A J and M. Feldson (Eds.) (1985), Handbook of Public Economics, Vol. 1, North Holland, Amsterdam.
3. Buchanan, J M (1970), The Public Finances, Richard D Irwin, Homewood.
4. Goode, R (1986), Government Finance in Developing Countries, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
5. Houghton, J M (1970) The Public Finance: Selected Readings, Penguin, Harmondsworth.
6. Jha, R (1998), Modern Public Economics, Routledge, London.
7. Menutt, P (1996), The Economics of Public Choice, Edward Elgar, U.K.
8. Musgrave, R A (1959), The Theory of Public Finance, McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Tokyo.
9. Musgrave, R A and P.B. Musgrave (1976), Public Finance in Theory and Practice, McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Tokyo.
10. Shoup, C S (1970), Public Finance, Aldine, Chicago.
11. Shome, P (Ed.) (1985), Tax Policy: Handbook, Tax Division, Fiscal Affairs Department, International Monetary Fund, Washington D.C.

M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER-III
(ELECTIVE PAPER)
ECO-304(a) ECONOMETRICS – I

Module 1: Introduction: Nature, meaning definition and scope of econometrics, regression model, reasons for inclusion of error term, assumptions of error term, principle of least square, Gauss- Markov Theorem.

Module 2: Regression Analysis: Multiple regression model, Matrix approach to multiple regression, Estimation, Interpretation and testing of the coefficients, Estimation of elasticities, Relation between simple and multiple regression coefficients, Concepts of partial coefficients, coefficient of determination and adjusted coefficient of determination.

Module 3: Problems in Regression Analysis – I: Relaxing the assumptions of classical model, the problem of auto correlation, consequences of auto-correlation, Durbin Watson test, Remedial measures of auto-correlation, Multi-co linearity-Consequences and remedial measures.

Module 4: Problems in Regression Analysis – II: Nature, Test, Consequences and remedial steps for the problems of heteroscedasticity and errors in variables. **Regression with Qualitative Independent Variables:** Regression models with dummy variables, uses of dummy variable, stability of regression model, logit model – concept and estimation.

References:

1. Johnston. (1991) Econometric Methods. McGraw Hill Book Co. London
2. Gupta, D.B. Consumption Pattern in India, TMGH.
3. Mahender Reddy, Applied Econometrics (Mimeo).
4. ICSSR (1977); Survey of Research in Economics, Vol. 7.
5. Krishna, K.L. (1999): Economic Application in India, OUP, Delhi.
6. Gujarati, D. (1999): Essentials of Econometrics, Second Edition, McGraw Hill.
7. Gujarati, D. (2002): Basic Econometrics, Third Edition, McGraw Hill.
8. Koutsoyiannis, A. (1977): Theory of Econometrics, 2nd Edition, McMillan, London.
9. Maddala, G.S. (2002): Introduction to Econometrics, McMillan, London.


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M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER- III
(ELECTIVE PAPER)
ECO-304(b) Industrial Economics

Module I: Introduction: Agriculture as a business, Characteristics of Agri- Business, Differences between farm and nonfarm business management. **Role of management** at various levels right from crop planning to disposal of the product, Principles of management and their applications in Agribusiness

Module II: Feasibility Analysis: project description, Preparation of business plan, Capital requirements and costs, **Operating requirements** and costs, appraisal and evaluation of projects with reference to agro industry

Module III: Production and financial management: production planning, organization and motivation, production centers: Marketing management – Preparation of market plan, the marketing programme, Marketing organization, Motivating and controlling marketing efforts. The Accounting system, Basic functional statements: Measures of profitability, Social and Private profitability- The Policy Analysis Matrix,

Module IV: The measurement of shadow prices in the Policy Analysis matrix. Shadow price of land labour and fixed assets: Financial planning and organization. **Operational efficiency:** Management techniques for effective control, perform and budgeting, some pre – requisites for effective management, planning and evaluation

References:

1. Cramer G.L and Jensen CW, "Agricultural Economics and Agri- business" John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1979
2. Omri Railing. "Introduction to Agribusiness" PHI New Jersey
3. V.K. Srivasta, "Project Planning, Functioning, Implementation and Evaluation" Center for Management in Agriculture, IIM Ahmadabad, 1983.
4. FAO, "Economic Analysis of agricultural policies" Harvard institute for International Development" FAO, 1995
5. Harsh SB, Connor IJ and Schwab, "Meaning the Farm Business" PHI, New Jersey, 1981
6. Singh, I.J, Elements of Farm Management Economics, Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd. 1977.


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M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – III
(ELECTIVE PAPER)
ECO-305(a) Research Methodology

Module – 1 : Foundations of Research:

Research: Meaning, Characteristics; Types; Criteria of Good Research, Theoretical Foundation; Problems and Applicability in Social Research; Subjectivity v/s Objectivity in Social Research; Plagiarism and Ethical Issues in Research. Case Study; Field Study.

Module -2: Research Process:

Research Process- Factors involved in the process. Research Problem: Identification of the Problem, Factors Involved. Review of Literature: Need for Reviewing Literature, Sources of Literature; Developing Objectives. Hypothesis: Meaning, Features and Importance. Research Design: Meaning and Types.

Module-3: Data collection and Sampling:

Data Collection: Sources-Primary and Secondary Data, Advantages/Disadvantages. Data Collection Techniques: Observation Method, Survey -Interview and Questionnaire Method, Merits and Demerits; Pilot Study. Sampling: Meaning, Principles, Sampling Process, Types of Sampling, Sample Size, Advantages and Disadvantages, and Errors in Sampling.

Module-4: Processing and Analysis of Data:

Report Writing Processing: Editing - Tabulation - Graphical Representation, Statistical Analysis and Testing of Hypothesis. Use of Computer in Data Analysis and Presentation. Report: Steps in Report Writing, Research Report Format, Writing the Report., Footnote, Endnotes, References and Bibliography.

References:

1. C R Kothari (2008), Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International, Ansari Road, Darya Ganj, New Delhi-110 002, INDIA .
2. Ghosh, B.N. (1992), Scientific Methods and Social Research, Sterling Publishers Pvt., Ltd. New Delhi. .
3. Goode W. J and Hatt P. K (2014), Methods in Social Research, McGraw Hill, New York . Krishnaswamy
4. O. R. (1993), Methodology of Research in Social Sciences, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai . Sadhu A.N. and Amarjit Singh (2005), Research Methodology and Social Sciences, Himalaya Publishing, New Delhi.



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M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – III
(ELECTIVE PAPER)
ECO-305(b) Rural Development

Module – 1: Approaches to Rural Development- Structuralist, Gandhian and Functionalist Approaches - Rural Development-Experiences of China, Tanzania, Bangladesh, Israel and India.

Module – 2: Rural Social Structure in India - Co-operative farming - Green Revolution and its impact - Changing pattern of agrarian relations - Unionization of agricultural labour, Irrigation in Rural Development. Poverty and Unemployment in rural areas.

Module – 3: Rural Financial structure – Role of Banking Sector in the Rural Development Rural money markets - Role of Co-operatives Commercial Banks and RRBs - Financial Sector Reforms –

Module – 4: Rural Industrialization and State role Rural Indebtedness, Rural Marketing – Rural Occupational Structure Rural Artisans, Basic Problems of Rural Labour, female and child labour in rural areas, Inclusive Growth and Rural Development, Globalization and Rural Development.

References:

1. P.C. Joshi : Land Reforms in India
2. CH. Hanmantha Rao : Technological Changes and Distribution of Gains in Indian Agriculture.
3. K. Venkat Reddy : Rural Development in India
4. I. Sathya Sundaram : Rural Development in India
5. NIRD : Rural Development in India: Some Facts
6. Robert Chambers : Rural Development
7. Sarthar Aziz : Rural Development, China, India & Bangladesh.
8. N.L. Murthy & K.V. Narayana : Rural Economy of India
9. A.R. Desai : Rural Sociology.
10. Abdul Aziz : Unionization of Agricultural Labourers - A Proposal



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M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – IV
(CORE PAPER)
ECO – 401 INDIAN ECONOMY

Module- 1 Introduction: Indian Economy during British rule, Commercialization of Agriculture, Process of Industrialization. Composition of Foreign Trade, GNP and Occupation, Trends in NI Growth & Structure; Physical Quality Life Index (PQLI), Human Development Index (HDI): GEM Nature and Magnitude of Workforce and Unemployment, Poverty and Inequality.

Module – 2 Agriculture Sector and land Reforms, agriculture finance and marketing. Planning in India – Objectives and Strategy of Planning. Over – View of Indian Economy, Regional Planning in India; Role of Public Sector in Resource Mobilization.

Module -3 Industrial Sector- Industrial policies, Public and Private sector performance, Growth and pattern of industrialization, Small Scale sector, Privatization, Disinvestment and Exit Policy.

Module -4 Fiscal Federalism- Central state financial relations, finances of Central and state governments- Parallel economy, fiscal sector reforms in India, Monetary and Credit policies and financial sector reforms in India.

Module – 5 Economic Reforms: Changing Role of State; Globalization of Indian Economy, WTO and its Impact, National agenda for Governance. Issues in Export – Import Policy and Foreign Exchange Management Act (FEMA); Exchange Rate Policy, Foreign Capital and MNCs in India; Trade Reforms in India.

References:

1. Ahluwalia, I.J. and I.M.D. Little (Eds.) 1999), India's Economic Reforms and Development (Essays in honor of Man Mohan Singh), Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
2. Bardhan, P.K. (9th Edition) (1999), The Political Economy of Development in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Bawa, R.S. and P.S.Raikhy (Ed). (1997), Structural Changes in Indian Economy, Guru Nanak Dev University Press, Amritsar.
4. Brahmananda, P.R. and V.R. Panchamukhi (Eds) (2001), Development Experience in the Indian Economy: Inter-State Perspectives, Bookwell, Delhi.
5. Chakravarty, S. (1987), Development Planning: The Indian Experience, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
6. Dantwala, M.L.(1996): Dilemmas of Growth: The Indian Experience, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
7. Misra And Puri Indian Economy
8. Dutt And Sudaram: Indian Economy
9. India In 21st Century: Bimal Jalan
10. 10 Economic Reforms: Joshi And Lmd Little
10. Agriculture In India: G S Bhalla
11. Agriculture Statistics At A Glance, 2018
12. I.J. Ahluwalia: Indian Industry.
13. Deepak Nayyar: Industrial Stagnation In India.
14. Kaur. Lectures In Youtube, Economic Survey And Budget Reports.

M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – IV
(CORE PAPER)
ECO-402 ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

Module 1 Meaning & definition of Environment Economics: Theory of Market Failure. Theories of Environmental Economics: Boulding's Spaceship Earth. Hardin's Tragedy of the Commons, Club of Rome Model, Schumacher's Small is Beautiful, Daly's Steady State Economics. Input-Output Models of the Environment.

Module 2 Theories of Natural Resource Management Material Balance and Entropy Law. Hostelling's Theory of Exhaustible Resources. Dasgupta and Heal, Optimal Depletion of Renewable Resources. Carrying Capacity of the Environment. Sustainable Development Theories of: Definition and Concept of Sustainable Development. Weak vs. Strong Sustainability Criteria. Theories of Sustainable Development:

Module 3 Theory and Policy of Pollution Control: Optimal Level of Pollution. Polluter Pays Principle – Pigovian Taxes and Subsidies. Pollution Permits. Charge and Standards approach. Coase Theorem. Role of Govt. in Environmental Regulation – Command and Control regime. WTO and Environmental impacts. Global environmental problems, International Environmental Conferences –Global Environmental regulations.

Module 4 Measurement of Environmental Degradation: Environmental Costs and Benefits: Under and Non-user Benefits. Direct and Indirect Valuation Methods: Contingent Valuation Method and Willingness to pay. Hedonic Property Values, Travel Cost, Averted Expenditure and Dose Response Methods. UN System of Integrated Economic and Environmental Accounts. Green National Income and Genuine Savings. Environmental Impact Assessment and Report. Environmental Audit.

Module 5 Environment Problems of India: State of India's Environment – Air, Water and Soil Pollution, Natural Resource Depletion, Deforestation, Industrial and Agricultural Pollution, Urbanization, Vehicular Pollution, Impact of Green Revolution Techniques. Functions of Ministry of Environment and Forest and Pollution Control Boards. Environmental Laws in India.

References:

1. Baumol, W.J. and W.E.Oates(1988), *The Theory of Environmental Policy* (2nd Edition) CUP, Cambridge.
2. Bhattacharya, R.N. ed. (2001): *Environmental Economics, An Indian Perspective*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Hanley, N.J.F.Shogren and B.White (1997) *Environmental Economics in Theory and Practice*. Macmillan.
4. Jarret H. ed. *Environmental Quality in a Growing Economy*, John Hopkins Press, Baltimore.
5. Kalpagam, (1998): *Environmental Economics*, Sterling Press.
6. Kolstrad, C.D. (1999): *Environmental Economics*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
7. Mehta, S, S. Mundle, and U.Sankar (1995): *Controlling Pollution: Incentives and Regulation*, Sage, New Delhi.
8. Murthy, M.N., A. James and S.Misra (1999): *The Economics of Water Pollution in India*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

9. Pearce, D.W and R. Turner (1991): *Economics of Natural Resource Use and Environment*. John Hopkins Press, Baltimore.
10. Rao, O.K. (2000): *Sustainable Development, Economics and Policy*, Blackwell Publishers, UK.
11. Sankar, U ed (2001): *Environmental Economics*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
12. Saxena, H.M. (2000): *Environmental Management*. Rawat Publishers, New Delhi.
13. Sengupta, R.P. (2000): *Ecology and Economics: An Approach to Sustainable Development* Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
14. *State of India's Environment*. The Hindu Annual Publications.
15. Tietenberg, T, ed. (1997): *Economics of Global Warming*, Edward Elgar, UK.
16. Blaug, Mark (1972) *Introduction to Economics of Education*, Penguin, London.
17. Becker, G.S. (1974) *Human Capital*. 2nd Edn., NBER, New York.
18. Berman, P and M.E. Khan (1993) *Paying for India's Health Care*, Sage Publications., New Delhi.
19. Cohn, E and T. Gaske (1989) *Economics of Education*, Pergamon Press, London.
20. Klarman, H.E. (1965) *Economics of Health*, Columbia University Press, New York.
21. Panchamukhi. P.R. (1980) *Economics of Health: A Trend Report*, ICSSR Survey, Allied, New Delhi.
22. Tilak, J.B.G. (1989) *Economics of Inequality in Education*. Sage, New Delhi.
23. World Bank (1993) *The World Development Report: Investing in Health*, Oxford University Press, New York.


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M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER-IV
(ELECTIVE II)
ECO-403 (a) ECONOMETRICS – II

Module 1 Simultaneous Equation Models: Simultaneous Equation Bias, and Inconsistency of Ordinary Least Squares estimators, Identification problem, Methods of estimating simultaneous equation system – Indirect least squares and Two-stage least squares.

Module 2 Dynamic Econometric Models: Auto-regressive and distributed lag models, Koyack Model. Partial adjustment model, Adaptive expectation model.

Module 3 Time Series Analysis: Stationarity, Test of stationarity, Dickey-Fuller test, Unit root, co integration, spurious regression, Engel – Granger test, Random walk model, Error correction mechanism, causality test, Granger and Sim's test.

Module 4 Applied Econometrics – I: Engel Function – Estimation of Engel elasticities, Consumption function – Estimation of MPC, Demand function for goods – Estimation of own-price, cross-price and income elasticities. **Applied Econometrics – II:** Demand for Money – Estimation of income and interest elasticities, Production function- Estimation of returns to scale in Cobb-Douglas production function and estimation of elasticity of substitution in CES production function, Supply response function – Estimation of short-run and long-run price elasticities.

References:

1. Johnston.J.(1991) Econometric Methods. McGraw Hill Book Co.London
2. Gupta, D.B. Consumption Pattern in India, TMGH.
3. Mahender Reddy, J.Applied Econometrics (Mimeo).
4. ICSSR (1977); Survey of Research in Economics, Vol. 7.
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M.A.ECONOMICS, SEMESTER -IV
(ELECTIVE PAPER)
ECO – 403(b) TELANGANA ECONOMY

Module -1: Growth and Development: Concepts of Growth and Development – Relationship between Growth and Development: Agriculture and allied sectors in Telangana State: The share of agriculture and allied sectors in GSDP.

Module-2; Distribution of land holdings; Dependence on agriculture; Irrigation-Sources of Irrigation; Problems of Dry land agriculture, Mission Kakatiya:

Module -3: Land reforms in Telangana State: Abolition of intermediaries; Zamindari, Jagirdari and Inamdari; Tenancy reforms; Land ceilings; Land alienation in scheduled areas.

Module-4:Industrial Development in Telangana State: Industrial Development; Structure and Growth of Industrial Sector, Industrial Infrastructure, Industrial Policy of Telangana; Structure and Growth of Service sector.

References:

1. Hanumantha Rao and S.Mahender Dev (2003); Andhra Pradesh Development – Economic Reform and Challenges Ahead, Centre for Economic and Social Studies, Hyderabad.
2. Kankalatha Mukund (1990); “Andhra Pradesh Economy in Transition; Centre for Economic and Social Studies, Hyderabad and Book Links Corporation, Hyderabad.
3. Kishan Rao.S and Rahul A.Shastry (2009); Andhra Pradesh Economy: Dynamics of Transformation with a Focus on Regional Disparities; National Akademi of Development, Hyderabad.
4. Mahendra Dev, S.C.Ravi and M.Venkatanarayana (2009); Human Development in Andhra Pradesh: Experiences, Issues and Challenges; Centre for Economic and Social Studies (CESS), Hyderabad.
5. Rao, R.S., V. Hanumantha Rao and N. Venugopal (2006); Fifty years of Andhra Pradesh 1956-2006; Centre for Documentation, Research and Communication [CDRC], Hyderabad.
6. P.Sundaraya, Telangana People’s Struggle and Its Lessons, Calcutta, CPI-M, 1972
7. Ravi Narayan Reddy, Heroic Telangana: Reminiscences and Experiences, New Delhi, CPI, 1973
8. Economic Survey and Socio-Economic Survey, Various Issues, published by Planning Department, Andhra Pradesh Secretariat, Hyderabad.
9. Directorate of Economics, Govt. of Telangana “Methods and Sources of State Domestic Product”.
10. Census Reports 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011
11. District level Poverty estimates, CESS.
12. Gautam Pingle 2014: The Fall and Rise of Telangana Orient Black Swam
13. Rao S Kishan and Rahul A Shastry (2009): Andhra Pradesh Economy – Dynamics of Transformation with a focus on Regional Disparities, National Academy of Development, Hyderabad.


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**M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER- IV
(ELECTIVE PAPER)
ECO-404(a) LABOUR ECONOMICS**

MODULE I: Origin, Growth and characteristics of labour force in India – Occupational distribution of workforce in India - Labour in the organized and unorganized sectors - Concept of labour market - Characteristics and segmentation of labour markets.

MODULE II: Relationship between growth and employment - Concept of unemployment, under Five Year Plans and evaluation - Employment in public and private sectors - Globalization and its impact on labour - Casualisation of labour in India - Poverty and unemployment - Impact of employment generation programmes.

MODULE III: Concept of fair, living and minimum wage - Theories of wage determination characterization of informal sector wages - Sharing of gains in labour productivity - implementation of minimum wage legislation in India - Gender wage differentials.

MODULE IV: Unionization of Labour - Growth and Structure of labour unions - Causes of industrial disputes & their settlement - Collective bargaining - Problems of trade unionism in India - Special problems of child and female labour -

References:

1. T.S. Papola, P.P. Ghosh and A.N. Sharma (eds), Labour Employment and Industrial Relations in India, B.R. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
2. A.K.Sen, Employment, Technology and Development, Oxford University Press, New Delhi (1975).
3. L.K. Deshpande, P.R. Brahmananda and E.A.G Robinson (eds), Employment Policy in a Developing Economy, vol. I & II, Macmillan, London, (1983).
4. T.S. Papola and A.N. Sharma (eds) Gender and Employment in India, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi (1999).
5. V.B. Singh, Industrial Labour in India, Population Prakashan, Bombay, (1970).
6. C.S. Venkat Ratnam : Globalization and Labour management Relations, Dynamics of Change profile. SAGE Publications, New Delhi. 2001
7. N.Dal : Unemployment, Full employment and India, Asia Publishing house, Bombay, 1960.
8. C.B. Mamoria: Labour Problems and Social Welfare in India, Kitab Mahal 1966. Dynamics of Industrial relation in India.
9. L. Mishra : Child Labour in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.


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M.A. ECONOMICS, SEMESTER – IV
(ELECTIVE PAPER)
ECO-404(b) ECONOMICS OF INSURANCE

Module-1: Wealth accumulation planning; Life cycle planning; Planning for accumulation, objectives; purchase of insurance and accumulation planning; Investments - tax advantaged and non-tax advantaged

Module-2: Essentials of individual retirement planning; Analysis of retirement; Income needs; Retirement planning strategies; Investing for retirement, pension plans; Basic principles of pension plans; Pension plans in India; Estate planning - process and tools; Life insurance for estate liquidity.

Module-3: Role of risk-management and insurance in economics development; Insurance institutions as financial intermediaries; Incurrence institutions as investment institutions; Insurance institutions in Indian capital market.

Module-4: Regulation of insurance; Purpose of government intervention in markets; Theories of regulation; Insurance regulation in India; Insurance regulation & Development Authority; Set up and management of insurance companies; Marketing of general insurance.

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